

Anaphylaxis Procedures

St Catherine of Siena Catholic Primary School



1. Introduction

St Catherine of Siena Catholic Primary School is a school which operates with the consent of the Catholic Archbishop of Melbourne and is owned, operated and governed by Melbourne Archdiocese Catholic Schools Ltd (MACS).

2. Purpose

This procedure ensures that, as far as practicable, a safe and supportive environment is provided where students at risk of anaphylaxis are provided with reasonable adjustments to participate in school programs and activities in compliance with Ministerial Order 706.

3. Scope

This procedure applies at St Catherine of Siena Catholic Primary School.

This procedure applies to:

- staff, including volunteers and casual relief staff.
- all students who have been diagnosed with a medical condition that relates to allergy and the potential for anaphylactic reaction, where the school has been notified of that diagnosis, or who may require emergency treatment for anaphylactic reaction.
- Parents (person, including a biological parent or another person, who has parental responsibility for a child granted by a court order. The term is also used to refer to Carers where permanent care, foster care or kinship arrangements are in place) of students who have been diagnosed as at risk of anaphylaxis or who may require emergency treatment for anaphylactic reaction.

4. Communication with Parents

- 4.1. The Principal engages with the Parents of students who are at risk of anaphylaxis to develop risk minimisation strategies and management strategies. The Principal will also take reasonable steps to ensure each staff member has adequate knowledge of allergies, anaphylaxis, and the school's expectations in responding to anaphylactic reaction.
- 4.2. The Principal requires that the Parent provides up to date medical information and an updated Individual Action Plan ([ASCIA Action Plan for Anaphylaxis](#)) signed by the treating medical practitioner together with:
 - a recent photo of their child and
 - any medications and auto-injectors referenced in the plan and recommended for administration.
- 4.3. The Parent is requested to provide this information:
 - annually
 - prior to camps and excursions
 - if the child has an anaphylaxis reaction at school, and
 - if the child's medical condition changes since the information was provided.
- 4.4. The Principal, or their nominee, is to engage with the Parent where updated documentation or medication is required in line with the school's communication plan.
- 4.5. Please note the [ASCIA Travel Plan for People at Risk of Anaphylaxis](#) requires completion by a registered medical practitioner for domestic or overseas travel.

5. Individual anaphylaxis management plans (IAMP)

- 5.1. The Principal is responsible for ensuring that all students diagnosed by a medical practitioner as having a medical condition that relates to allergies and the potential for anaphylactic reaction have an Individual Anaphylaxis Management Plan (IAMP) developed in consultation with the student's Parent.
- 5.2. The school requires the IAMP to be in place as soon as practicable after the student is enrolled and where possible before their first day of school. If for any reason training and a briefing has not yet occurred, an interim management plan, developed in consultation with the Parent, will be put into place for a student who is diagnosed with a medical condition that relates to allergy and the potential for anaphylactic reaction, and training must occur as soon as possible thereafter. The IAMP will comply with Ministerial Order 706 and record:
 - student allergies
 - locally relevant risk minimisation and prevention strategies
 - names of people responsible for implementing risk minimisation and prevention strategies
 - storage of medication
 - student emergency contact details
 - student ASCIA Action Plans.
- 5.3. The student's IAMP will be reviewed by the Principal or nominated staff member, in consultation with the student's Parent, in all the following circumstances:
 - annually
 - if the student's medical condition changes as it relates to allergy and the potential for anaphylactic reaction.
 - as soon as practicable after the student has an anaphylactic reaction at school.
 - when the student is to participate in an off-site activity, such as camps and excursions, or at special events conducted, organised or attended by the school (e.g. class parties, elective subjects, cultural days, fetes, incursions, productions, etc).

Refer to the [Individual Anaphylaxis Management Plan](#).

Refer to the Supporting documents section for the ASCIA Action Plan for Anaphylaxis to apply for each student diagnosed by a medical practitioner as having a medical condition that relates to allergy and the potential for anaphylactic reaction

6. Location of Individual Anaphylaxis Management Plans and ASCIA Action Plans

- 6.1. The Office Manager maintains an up-to-date register of students at risk of anaphylactic reaction as nominated by the Principal.
- 6.2. The Principal communicates to staff the details of the location of student Individual Anaphylaxis Management Plans and ASCIA Action Plans within the school, during excursions, camps and special events conducted, organised or attended by the school. Please note the [ASCIA Travel Plan for People at Risk of Anaphylaxis](#) requires completion by a registered medical practitioner for domestic or overseas travel.
 - Individual Anaphylaxis Management Plans, ASCIA Action Plans and autoinjectors will be stored in the First Aid room. Students EpiPens along with additional spare EpiPens for general use are located in the green bags that are in each classroom.
 - For camps, excursions and special activities, the staff member responsible for the activity is responsible for reviewing the medical management plans as a part of the planning and risk assessment prior to the activity being approved. A first aid supplies audit will be

conducted to see if camp appropriate materials are packed. First Aid packs are checked by the first aid officer. Outings must have at least 2 x Level 2 qualified first aid trained adults attending. The day before the activity, the staff member in charge of the activity will again review the medical management plans and prepare and collect any medication required and prepare the first aid kits. Spare EpiPens and Asthma ventolin are carried in the green bags for all activities for camps and excursions

- The school will request that parents provide up-to-date and accurate medical information relating to students, including information about conditions such as anaphylaxis, asthma and diabetes. Parents will be requested to provide this information annually, prior to camps and excursions and if the child's medical condition has changed.

Refer to [Off-site Risk Management Checklist for Schools](#).

7. Risk minimisation and prevention strategies


Refer to [Risk Minimisation Strategies for MACS schools](#)

The Principal ensures that risk minimisation and prevention strategies are in place for all relevant in-school and out-of-school settings which include (but are not limited to) the following:

- during classroom activities (including class rotations, specialist and elective classes)
- between classes and other breaks
- in canteens
- during recess and lunchtimes
- before and after school where supervision is provided (excluding OSHC)
- special events including incursions, sports, cultural days, fetes or class parties, excursions and camps.

Our school does not ban certain types of foods (e.g., nuts) as it is not practicable to do so and is not a strategy recommended by the Department of Education (DE) or the Royal Children's Hospital as it can create complacency amongst staff and students, and it cannot eliminate the presence of all allergens.

However, the school avoids the use of nut-based products in all school activities, requests that the Parent does not send those items to school if possible and the school reinforces the rules about not sharing and not eating foods provided from home.

The Principal or delegate regularly reviews the risk minimisation strategies outlined in Anaphylaxis Risk Minimisation strategies for our schools considering information provided by the Parent related to the risk of anaphylaxis. Refer to [Anaphylaxis Risk Minimisation strategies for our school](#). 

The Principal is responsible for annually completing the Annual Risk Management Checklist for Schools to ensure that compliance with Ministerial Order 706 is maintained. Refer to [Annual Anaphylaxis Risk Management Checklist for Schools](#)

8. Register of students at risk of anaphylactic reactions

The Principal nominates the Office Manager to maintain an up-to-date register of students at risk of anaphylactic reaction. This information is to be shared with all staff and accessible to all staff in an emergency.

Register of students with anaphylaxis

- The information that is recorded in the students with anaphylaxis register will be the students name, class, known allergen, symptoms, treatment, students ASCIA plan and medication storage and contact details..
- The register is located in the first aid room, in the green first aid bags in each classroom, in the student file on the schools management system.
- The office manager is responsible for maintaining and updating the register.

9. Location, storage and accessibility of autoinjectors

It is the responsibility of the Principal to purchase auto-injectors for the school for general use and to ensure they are replaced at time of use or expiry; whichever is first. (Expiry date period is usually within 12–18 months). General use auto-injectors are used as a back-up to auto-injectors that are provided for individual students by the Parent in case there is a need for an auto-injector for another student who has not previously been diagnosed at risk of anaphylaxis.

Schools should consider the following when identifying the minimum autoinjectors required, considering:

- the number of students enrolled at the school who have been diagnosed as being at risk of anaphylaxis
- the accessibility of autoinjectors (and the type) that have been provided by the Parent
- the number of locations at the school, including in the school yard
- the number and types of excursions, camps and special events conducted, organised or attended by the school
- the expiry date period of autoinjectors brands. usually expire within 12–18 months
- Schools should consider the type of autoinjector, considering:
- the available brands in Australia (EpiPen®, EpiPen Jr®, Anapen 500®, Anapen 300® and Anapen Jr®)- Refer to this procedure for further information
- the types used for broad use in emergency situations
- the brands that are widely accessible and do not require a prescription.

The school provides EpiPen® auto-injector to purchase for general use.

The auto-injectors are to be stored in the first aid room and in the green first aid bags in each classroom.

- Adrenaline autoinjector devices are to be stored in a cool dark place at room temperature, which they define as between 15 and 25 degrees Celsius.
- If these temperatures cannot be maintained, ASCIA recommends storing the device in an insulated wallet

The school's Anaphylaxis Supervisors are responsible for informing school staff of the location for use in the event of an emergency.

10. When to use an auto-injector for general use

The Principal ensures that auto-injectors for general use will be used under the following circumstances:

- a student's prescribed auto-injector does not work, is misplaced, misfires, has accidentally been discharged, is out of date or has already been used
- a student previously diagnosed with a mild or moderate allergy who was not prescribed an adrenaline injector has their first episode of anaphylaxis
- when instructed by a medical officer after calling 000
- first time reaction to be treated with adrenaline before calling.

10.1. *Note: if in doubt, give student auto-injector as per ASCIA Action Plans. Please review [ASCIA First Aid Plan for Anaphylaxis \(ORANGE\)](#) and [ASCIA Adrenaline \(Epinephrine\) Injectors for General Use](#) for further information.*

11. Emergency response to anaphylactic reaction

In an emergency anaphylaxis situation, the student's ASCIA Action Plan, the school's general first aid procedures, Danger □ Response □ Send for Help □ Airway □ Breathing □ CPR □ Defibrillation (DRSABCD), the emergency response procedures in this policy and [ASCIA First Aid Plan for Anaphylaxis](#) must be followed.

The Principal must ensure that when a student at risk of an anaphylactic reaction is under the care or supervision of the school outside normal class activities, such as in the school yard, on camps or excursions or at special events conducted, organised or attended by the school, there are sufficient staff present who have been trained in accordance with Ministerial Order 706.

All staff are to be familiar with the location, storage and accessibility of auto-injectors in the school, including those for general use.

The Principal must determine how appropriate communication with school staff, students and the Parent is to occur in the event of an emergency about anaphylaxis.

Copies of the [ASCIA First Aid Plan for Anaphylaxis](#) and emergency procedures are prominently displayed in the relevant places in the school, for example, first aid room, classrooms and in/around other school facilities. Refer to [Emergency Response to Anaphylactic Reaction](#).

- A complete and up-to-date list of students identified at risk of anaphylaxis are stored in the first aid room and on the schools shared drive.
- Details of IAMPs and ASCIA action plans are stored in the school's first aid room, classroom first aid bags, and on the schools shared drive. These items are also stored in the first aid bags designated for off-site activities and special events
- In an emergency - classroom, playground, off-site, etc, the school will follow the [Emergency Response to Anaphylactic Reaction](#)
- Location and storage of Auto-injectors, including those for general use are stored in the first aid room and first aid bags.
- Appropriate communication with staff, students and their parent is to occur as per the schools [Anaphylaxis Communication Plan](#)

Refer to [Emergency Response to Anaphylactic Reaction](#)

12. Staff training

In compliance with Ministerial Order 706, it is recommended that all Victorian school staff undertake one of two accredited training options.

The Principal requires all staff to participate in training to manage an anaphylaxis incident. The training should take place as soon as practicable after a student at risk of anaphylaxis enrolls and, where possible, before the student's first day at school.

Staff undertake training to manage an anaphylaxis incident if they:

- conduct classes attended by students with a medical condition related to allergy and the potential for anaphylactic reaction
- are specifically identified and requested to do so by the Principal based on the Principal's assessment of the risk of anaphylactic reaction occurring while a student is under that staff member's care, authority or supervision.

Our school considers, where appropriate, whether casual relief teachers and volunteers should also undertake training.

Our school staff are to:

- successfully complete an approved anaphylaxis management training course in compliance with Ministerial Order 706

- participate in the school's twice yearly briefings conducted by the school's Anaphylaxis Supervisor or another person nominated by the Principal, who has successfully completed an approved anaphylaxis management training program in the past two years.

A range of training programs are available, and the Principal determines an appropriate anaphylaxis training strategy and implements this for staff. The Principal ensures that staff are adequately trained and that enough staff are trained in the management of anaphylaxis, noting that this may change from time to time dependent on the number of students with IAMPs.

School staff undertake face-to-face training 22578VIC Course in First Aid Management of Anaphylaxis. Accredited for three years.

The school notes that 22578VIC Course in First Aid Management of Anaphylaxis is a face-to-face course that complies with the training requirements outlined in Ministerial Order 706. School staff who complete this course will have met the anaphylaxis training requirements for the documented period.

Anaphylaxis Supervisors

The school's Anaphylaxis Supervisors play a key role in undertaking competency checks on all staff who have successfully completed the ASCIA online training course. To qualify as a school Anaphylaxis Supervisor, the nominated staff members need to complete an accredited short course that teaches them how to conduct a competency check on those who have completed the online training course e.g., 22579VIC Course in Verifying the Correct Use of Adrenaline Injector Devices.

The Principal is to identify two staff per school or for each campus as the school's Anaphylaxis Supervisors.

The school's Anaphylaxis Supervisors are: Allison Wedding (Deputy Principal) and Belynda Smith (Office Manager).

On 1 September 2021, the Anapen adrenaline (epinephrine) auto-injector was introduced into Australia for the treatment of anaphylaxis. Schools will need to ensure relevant staff are trained to use them.

The Anaphylaxis Supervisors should participate in the Anapen workshop if their school has an enrolled student with an [ASCIA Action Plan for Anaphylaxis Red Anapen](#).

Twice yearly staff briefing

The Principal ensures that twice yearly anaphylaxis management briefings are conducted, with one briefing held at the start of the year. The briefing is to be conducted by the school's Anaphylaxis Supervisor or another staff member who has successfully completed an Anaphylaxis Management Course in the previous two years. The school use the Anaphylaxis Management Briefing Template provided by DE for use in Victorian schools. A facilitator guide and presentation for briefings created by DE is available in the resources section of the procedures.

The briefing includes information about the following:

- the school's legal requirements as outlined in Ministerial Order 706
- the school's anaphylaxis management policy
- causes, signs and symptoms of anaphylaxis and its treatment
- names and pictures of students at risk of anaphylaxis, details of their year level, allergens, medical condition and risk management plans including location of their medication
- relevant anaphylaxis training
- ASCIA Action Plan for Anaphylaxis and how to use an autoinjector, including practising with a trainer autoinjector
- the school's general first aid and emergency responses
- location of and access to auto-injectors that have been provided by the Parent or purchased by the school for general use.

All school staff should be briefed on a regular basis about anaphylaxis and the school's anaphylaxis management policy.

- It is expected that all staff at St Catherine of Siena Catholic Primary be briefed twice a year about the students with anaphylaxis. This will be presented during a staff meeting at the start of the school year and during semester two. All nominated school staff will be required to undertake a face-to-face training Course in First Aid Management of Anaphylaxis 22578VIC.
- The Anaphylaxis supervisor and the office manager will be responsible for maintaining staff training records.
- The Anaphylaxis supervisors at St Catherine of Siena Catholic Primary School are : Allison Wedding (Deputy Principal) and Belynda Smith, (Office Manager).

13. Anaphylaxis communication plan

The Principal is responsible for ensuring that a communication plan is developed to provide information to all school staff, students and Parents about anaphylaxis and the school's anaphylaxis management policy.

Practices within the school include:

- Raising staff awareness – arrangements for twice yearly briefing, regular briefings, induction of new staff, CRT staff, etc.
- Raising student awareness – Use of fact sheets, posters with messages about anaphylaxis, peer support, etc.
- Working with parents – developing open, cooperative relationships with parents/guardians/carers, The school will request that parents provide up-to-date and accurate medical information relating to students, including information about conditions such as anaphylaxis, asthma and diabetes. Parents will be requested to provide this information annually, prior to camps and excursions and if the child's medical condition has changed.
- Methods for raising school community awareness – Parents are regularly reminded to update their child's medical information via the schools newsletter, email/SMS, facebook and PAM.

This communication plan includes strategies for advising school staff, students and their Parent about how to respond to an anaphylaxis reaction of a student in various environments:

- during normal school activities, including in a classroom, in the school yard, in all school buildings and sites including gymnasiums and halls
- during off-site or out of school activities, including on excursions, school camps and at special events conducted, organised or attended by the school.

The Communication Plan includes procedures to inform volunteers and casual relief staff of students who are at risk of anaphylaxis and of their role in responding to an anaphylactic reaction experienced by a student in their care.

The Principal and their nominee work with the Parent to support the student's needs. The Principal develops a communication process for when new or updated medical documentation and/or medication is required as part of the annual or triggered reviews. The school staff engaged in this process are to make communication accessible and culturally appropriate.

St Catherine of Siena Catholic Primary School's process:

Initial Notification

- At the start of each school year, upon enrolment and/or when a plan is due to expire, the school communicates to the Parent informing them of the need to update their child's medical management and/or anaphylaxis action plans. It may be helpful to include a timeframe by when the plans are required.

Follow-Up Communication

- School staff nominee to send reminders via email, phone calls, or school newsletters as the deadline approaches.
- For critical updates, consider direct phone calls or meetings with the Parent to discuss the importance of the information. For a Parent seeking guidance around obtaining documentation, the school encourages them to contact the Anaphylaxis advisory line on **1300 725 911** or 9345 4235 or email anaphylaxisadvice@rch.org.au

Escalation if updated information/medication is not obtained

- St Catherine of Siena Catholic Primary School will send a second reminder via the preferred means of communication (e.g. email, school app, letter) to clarify the required medical information.
- **Phone Call:** The school will make a follow-up phone call to the Parent who has not responded, highlighting the potential risks to their child's health and safety if the information is not updated.
- **In-Person Meeting:** If there is still no response, the school's nominated representative will schedule an in-person meeting with the Parent to underscore the importance of the update and to provide additional support or clarification if needed.
- The school will inform the Parent of any impact on child's safe participation in school activities without updated medical plans and medication, and work to develop a plan for updating information.

Ongoing Communication

- The school will schedule periodic check-ins with the Parent prior to potential review points to ensure the medical information remains current and encourage the Parent to inform the school of any changes in their child's health status throughout the year.

The Principal ensures that the school staff are adequately trained by completing an approved training course:

- 22579VIC Course in First Aid Management of Anaphylaxis every three years AND
- provision of an in-house briefing for school staff at least twice per calendar year in accordance with Ministerial Order 706, with one briefing at the commencement of the school year.

The policy is publicly available and published on the school's website.

14. Definitions

Definitions of standard terms used in this Policy can be found in the [Glossary of Terms](#).

Anaphylaxis

Anaphylaxis is a severe, rapidly progressive allergic reaction that is potentially life threatening. The most common allergens in school aged children are peanuts, eggs, tree nuts (e.g., cashews), cow's milk, fish and shellfish, wheat, soy, sesame, lupin and certain insect stings (particularly bee stings).

Anaphylaxis Guidelines (Guidelines)

A resource for managing severe allergies in Victorian schools, published by the Department of Education (DE) for use by all schools in Victoria and updated from time to time.

Australasian Society of Clinical Immunology and Allergy (ASCIA)

The peak professional body of clinical immunology and allergy in Australia and New Zealand.

Autoinjector

An adrenaline autoinjector device, approved for use by the Australian Government Therapeutic Goods Administration, which can be used to administer a single pre-measured dose of adrenaline to those experiencing a severe allergic reaction (anaphylaxis).

Ministerial Order 706

[Ministerial Order 706: Anaphylaxis Management in Victorian Schools](#) which outlines legislated requirements for schools and key inclusions for their Anaphylaxis Management Policy.

15. Related policies and documents

Supporting documents

Individual Anaphylaxis Management Plan
Anaphylaxis Risk Minimisation Strategies for Schools
Emergency Response to Anaphylactic Reaction
Anaphylaxis Management Checklist for Off-site Activities
Annual Anaphylaxis Risk Management Checklist

Related MACS policies

Anaphylaxis Policy for MACS schools
Duty of Care Policy for MACS schools
Emergency Management Plan
First Aid Policy
Medical Management Policy

Resources

16. Legislation and standards

[Ministerial Order 706: Anaphylaxis Management in Victorian Schools](#)
[Department of Education Victoria Anaphylaxis Guidelines](#)
[Department of Education Victoria Anaphylaxis Management Briefing presentation](#)
[Department of Education Victoria Facilitator guide for anaphylaxis management briefing](#)
[ASCIA Action Plans and First Aid Plans for Anaphylaxis or Allergies](#)
[ASCIA Action Plans for Anaphylaxis \(General, Anapen, Epipen\)](#)
[ASCIA First Aid Plan for Anaphylaxis \(General, Anapen, Epipen, Pictorial\)](#)
[ASCIA Travel Plan](#)
[ASCIA Anaphylaxis e-training for Victorian schools](#)
[ASCIA Adrenaline \(Epinephrine\) Injectors for General Use](#)

Policy information table

Approving authority	Director, Education Excellence
Policy owner	Chief of Student Services
Approval date	7 July 2025 (minor amendment)
Review by	April 2029
Publication	CEVN, internal school publication